Third House Message Center

FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL COVER SREET

DATE: 3/30/25	•
TIME: 18:45-A	
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10: Mick BLACKEARN	
FAX NUMBER: 509-529-6425	
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NE CONDIEL Advertising	
THE FAX Jumber: (366) 756-8223	
THMC For Assistance: (360) 750-3290	
Mich: PLEASE CALL LOVELAND RE! CONNTY	-0
- THE BROAD FURTIN MILLION CHEALTH	Deat
HOUSE BUDGET TAKES IN OUR BUT	PLAINTIFF'S
SENATE Budget HAS IT IN, PLEASE	EXHIBIT
ET HER KNOW WE ARE OPPOSED TO	CASE
THIS ENCLOSED IS A LATTER WE HA	NO. CV04-0360P
PLAPTED ON THIS SUBTECT. PLEASE	EXHIBIT
	WBW-001873 NO. 129
2.6	W DW-001013
EXHIBIT NO. 226 Date: 8/1/05	
Deposition of Phillip Wayt	VVBVV-UU18/3
CONNIE CHURCH, Court Reporter	

- REVIEW THIS LETTER BUT DON'T COPY IT. IT JUST EXPLAINS WHY WE SEE OPPOSED TO THE HEALTH DEPT. BULGET REQUEST FOR THIS MONEY.

DO TANKS - SEE MY FAR OF.
YESTERDAY. THERE HAS BEEN NO
ACTUAL VOTE YET: IT WILL PROBABLY
TAKE THE FORM OF AN AMERIMMENT
TO THE FINAL HEAVY CARE BILL
WE WILL HER SUPPORT.

That's ALL FOR MICE

Thanks

WBW-00197

VVBVV-UU18/4

February XX, 1995

The Honorable Bruce A. Miyahara Secretary Department of Health 1112 S.E. Quince Street Olympia, WA 98504-7890

Dear Secretary Miyahara:

I appreciate your taking the time to enswer my inquiry regarding the Department of Health's counter advertising campaign. On behalf of my constituent, there are several points of your letter to which I wanted to respond.

Your letter says — and the premise of the campaign is based on the notion — that beer advertising causes teens to drink. With all due respect, a review of the literature shows that this is not is the case. Numerous government and independent authorities have found that beer advertising neither causes teens — or anyone else — to start drinking, not does it cause current drinkers to drink abusively. To cite a few:

- Dr. Emoch Gordis, the director of the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism said at a 1992 meeting on the effects of media on alcohol abuse, "...the dominant issue is this: Does advertising initiate drinking in the young? Common sense says the beer industry appeals to the young... But common sense and science don't meet on this."
- √ In 1993, Dr. Joseph Fisher, in research titled Advertising. Alcohol Consumetion and Abuse:

 A World Wide Survey, confirmed that "Advertising does not affect alcohol consumption or abuse."
- √ The Federal Trade Commission found in its 1985 survey of scientific literature, "no reliable basis to conclude that alcohol advertising significantly affects consumption, let alone abuse."
- √ Following an extensive look at the issue in 1985, a U.S. Senate Subcommittee found no
 "evidence to conclude (that) advertising influences non-drinkers to begin drinking or increase
 consumption."
- √ Former U.S. Surgeon General C. Everett Koop said in his 1989 testimony before a U.S.

 Senate Committee that there is no "compelling evidence that advertising influences alcohol consumption..."

WBW-001875

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And, as you know, the Washington State Liquor Control Board conducted an exhaustive study of the issue in 1991 and found "no scientific evidence presented that there is a direct link between alcohol advertising and alcohol abuse."

Your letter cites a study on the issue which was originally published by the AAA Foundation for Traffic Safety. First of all, this study has been highly criticized by members of the scademic community. Dr. David Pitman of Washington University conducted a review of the study and said the recommendations in the report are "composed of ideology and not science." in addition, one of the authors of the study, loci Grube, said of his continued research on these issues at the 1994 Alcohol Policy IX conference, "....I have to saddy say, or maybe happily say, depending on your point of view, that at this point we have not been able to identify any effect of the advertising on initiation to drinking among these kids..."

My constituent points out that not only does science show that ads do not cause abuse, they are also not targeted to entice young people to drink. Brewers want beer drinkers to choose their products and remain loyal to them, instead of their competitors' brands. The data does beer out that advertising does not affect overall consumption. While per capita beer consumption in the U.S. remained virtually unchanged, beer advertising expenditures increased almost 100 percent from 1976 to 1988 — a period marked by significant changes in brewer market shore.

In addition, I think it is important to note what kids have to say on the subject. According to a Roper survey, among six things that might influence their decisions about drinking, American youth say that parents have influenced them most, followed by best friends and teachers. Advertisements came in dead last.

In regard to the Department's assertion that "youth are bomharded daily with seductive encouragement to drink...", I'm sure you are aware that in January of this year, the Liquor Control Board again looked at the issue of beer advertising and youth. According to the board, prior to the hearing, the Liquor Control Board staff taped 12 hours of NFL playoff games and found "no offensive" ads were sixed during the emire period.

Of course, the fact is that almost any commercial message for any product or service could be viewed as controversial by someone somewhere. I am concerned that once the precedent is set, many things will need "countering" in the finure...like car ads, over the counter medicine ads, commercials for first food, or cologue and bine jean ads. This begs the question of who will pay for these ads?

The bottom line is that beer ads don't depict — or cause — slookol abuse or tren drinking. In fact, Mr. Secretary, as my constituent contently points out, the only ads on the air contently showing alcohol abuse and trem drinking are the ads being sponsored by the Department of Health. There must be a better use of taxpayer dollars.

Sincerely,

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WBW-001876.

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